## SpuriousDirect

# Peeling Back the Layers: A Fruitful Study of the Relationship Between US Household Spending on Fruits and Vegetables and McDonald's Stock Price Catherine Hughes, Andrew Taylor, Gina P Tate 

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#### Abstract

This research paper examines the surprisingly juicy interplay between annual US household spending on fruits and vegetables and the stock price of McDonald's (MCD). Using a combination of data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics and LSEG Analytics (Refinitiv), we conducted a thorough analysis from 2002 to 2022. Our findings reveal a significant correlation coefficient of 0.9856601 and $p<0.01$, indicating a strong connection between these seemingly unrelated factors. Our results add some zest to the field of finance and nutrition, shedding light on the unexpected influence of produce consumption on the fast-food industry. So, whether you're peeling bananas or peeling back stock market data, it seems that there may be more connections between fruits, veggies, and golden arches than initially meets the eye.


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## 1. Introduction

The intersection of finance and nutrition has long been a topic of interest, with researchers and analysts peeling back the layers of various factors to gain a better understanding of consumer behavior and market dynamics. In recent years, the focus on healthy eating and sustainable living has steered attention towards the consumption of fruits and vegetables, while the financial world continues to keep a watchful eye on the stock performance of industry giants such as McDonald's. Uniting these
seemingly incongruent elements is the crux of our investigation, as we delve into the relationship between annual US household spending on fruits and vegetables and the stock price of McDonald's (MCD).

As researchers, we are accustomed to sowing the seeds of knowledge, harvesting data, and juicing out meaningful insights from statistical analyses. The interplay between consumer behavior and stock performance is often likened to a delicate dance, with each movement potentially influencing the other in a symphony of
market dynamics. While the correlation between seemingly divergent factors may initially seem as unlikely as comparing apples to oranges, our findings suggest there may be more to this relationship than meets the eye.

What initially began as a speculative inquiry into the potential impact of produce consumption on the fast-food industry has metamorphosed into a compelling case of how stocks and stalks, markets and markets, and seeds and securities may intertwine in ways previously overlooked. Therefore, as we peel away the layers of this interplay, we aim not only to broaden our understanding of consumer choices and market trends but also to offer a refreshing perspective that adds some crunch to the traditional understanding of financial analysis.

Join us as we embark on this fruitful journey, dissecting the data with precision and seeking the ripest insights to shed light on the unexpected ties between fruits, veggies, and golden arches. After all, whether we're crunching numbers or crunching carrots, it's clear that the allure of financial analysis extends far beyond the traditional stock metrics, reminding us that in the garden of data, there may be more fruit for thought than we ever anticipated.

## 2. Literature Review

The initial groundwork for our investigation touches upon the work of Smith (2010) and Doe (2015), who, in their respective studies, explored the intricate relationship between consumer spending habits and stock performance within the context of the fastfood industry. Their analyses provide a solid foundation for our exploration, laying the fertile ground for our in-depth examination of the connection between the annual US household spending on fruits and vegetables and the stock price of McDonald's (MCD). However, while these
studies bring forth valuable insights, our examination aims to add some zest and flavor to the existing literature, peeling back layers that have yet to be fully uncovered.

Moving beyond the conventional financial and economic perspectives, Jones (2018) introduces a novel approach to understanding market behavior through the lens of dietary patterns and public health. This innovative line of inquiry inspires our study, as we seek to intertwine the worlds of finance and nutrition in an unconventional manner, prompting a thorough exploration of the potential ripple effects stemming from increased household spending on fruits and vegetables.

In "Fruits and Veggies: A Financial Feast," Lorem and Ipsum (2020) draw attention to the evolving landscape of consumer preferences and the subsequent impact on the fast-food industry. Their examination delves into the nuances of dietary shifts and their implications on market trends, setting the stage for our investigation into the interconnectedness of produce consumption and the stock performance of McDonald's.

On a more whimsical note, the fictional works of "The Big Mac Mysteries" by Agatha Christie and "The Grapes of Wrath by John Steinbeck" subtly weave themes of gastronomy and commerce, offering a playful parallel to our serious academic pursuits. These novels invite readers to ponder the multifaceted intersection between food choices and economic landscapes, reminding us that even in works of fiction, the bond between dietary habits and financial paradigms remains an intriguing area of contemplation.

Furthermore, our exploration is also informed by childhood influences, with cartoons such as "The Magic School Bus: Inside the Digestive System" and "VeggieTales" instilling in us an early curiosity about the intricate relationship between nutrition and societal dynamics.

While these childhood favorites may seem lighthearted, they planted the seeds of curiosity that have blossomed into our rigorous academic inquiry, offering a reminder that sometimes the most unexpected sources contribute to our scholarly endeavors.

As we delve into the layers of existing literature, we are reminded of the timeless wisdom imparted by the Chiquita Banana jingle and the McDonald's jingle, serving as melodic reminders of the enduring impact of consumer culture on financial markets. These seemingly innocuous cultural markers underline the profound influence of branding and consumer choices on market performance, melding the worlds of finance and nutrition in an unexpected cacophony of influences.

In considering this diverse array of influences, it becomes apparent that the interplay between fruit and finance, vegetables and volatility, may yield insights that transcend the usual rhetoric of stock analyses. Therefore, armed with the collective wisdom of scholarly studies, fiction, pop culture, and childhood nostalgia, we embark on our quest to unravel the unexpected ties between produce consumption and the golden arches, adding some juiciness to the conversation surrounding financial analysis.

## 3. Our approach \& methods

To peel back the layers of the relationship between annual US household spending on fruits and vegetables and the stock price of McDonald's (MCD), we employed a mix of numerical analyses that were as refreshing as a chilled fruit salad on a scorching summer day. Data for annual US household spending on fruits and vegetables was collected from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, providing a bountiful harvest of information spanning the years 2002 to 2022. The stock price data for McDonald's
(MCD) was obtained from LSEG Analytics (Refinitiv), allowing us to crunch numbers that exhibited a level of flavor not commonly associated with financial data.

Our research team carefully handpicked statistical methods that had a certain zest to them, ensuring that our study would not only be rigorous but also ripe with analytical robustness. To examine the relationship between these seemingly incongruent variables, we first calculated the annual household spending on fruits and vegetables as a percentage of total annual household expenditure, creating a delectable index that reflected the fruity slice of consumer spending habits.

Next, we utilized robust statistical software to churn out a pear-fect correlation analysis, measuring the strength and direction of the relationship between annual household spending on fruits and vegetables and McDonald's stock price. The use of advanced regression analysis allowed us to sieve through the data for potential confounding factors and ensure that our findings were as crisp and clean as a freshly washed head of lettuce.

Moreover, to ensure that our findings were not mere banana skins standing in the way of drawing meaningful conclusions, we included a series of sensitivity analyses to assess the robustness of our results across various time periods and market conditions. After all, we aimed to leave no stone unturned, no seed uneaten, and no curveball unpeeled in our quest to uncover the unexpected correlations in this deliciously intriguing relationship.

In addition to the substantial quantitative analyses, we also conducted a qualitative exploration of cultural and consumer trends, examining the evolving attitudes towards healthy eating and how these may influence the stock performance of fast-food chains. This holistic approach allowed us to garnish
our findings with a nuanced understanding of the broader socioeconomic landscape.

Thus, armed with statistical prowess and a profound appreciation for the complexities of consumer behavior and market dynamics, our methodology baked together a mouthwatering mix of quantitative and qualitative techniques. By employing a diverse range of analytical tools and approaches, we aimed to serve up findings that not only satisfied the appetite for robust evidence but also left a tangy aftertaste of insight into the intertwined relationship between fruits, veggies, and the golden arches.

## 4. Results

The findings of our research reveal a strikingly strong correlation between annual US household spending on fruits and vegetables and the stock price of McDonald's (MCD). Over the period from 2002 to 2022, we found a correlation coefficient of 0.9856601 , indicating an almost "a-peeling" relationship between these two variables. Additionally, the rsquared value of 0.9715258 suggests that a whopping $97.15 \%$ of the variation in McDonald's stock price can be explained by changes in household spending on fruits and veggies. It's almost as if every dollar spent on apples and carrots had an uncanny influence on the value of those golden arches.

The connection between these seemingly unrelated factors is crystal clear, and the strength of the relationship is robust with a p-value less than 0.01 , signifying that this strong correlation is not a mere statistical fluke. It's as if the financial market and the produce section of the supermarket have been sharing secrets, whispering implications, and exchanging significant glances behind our backs.

Our visual representation of this relationship, depicted in Fig. 1, shows a striking scatterplot of the data points forming a near-perfect linear relationship between annual US household spending on fruits and vegetables and McDonald's stock price. This striking visual depiction is bananas! It's a berry good reminder that the world of numbers and graphs can be just as fruitful and flavorful as a summer fruit salad.


Figure 1. Scatterplot of the variables by year
Our results not only offer a fresh perspective on the dynamics of consumer spending and stock performance but also highlight the potential impact of healthy eating habits on the fast-food industry. It seems that healthy choices and investment portfolios may share more in common than one might initially expect. As we digest these findings, it's clear that the financial world isn't just about "dough," but also about the "lettuce" and the "greens."

## 5. Discussion

Our findings not only add a juicy layer to the existing literature on consumer spending and stock performance but also serve as a fruitful reminder of the interconnectedness of seemingly disparate elements. The "apeeling" relationship between annual US household spending on fruits and vegetables and the stock price of McDonald's (MCD) aligns with previous
research by Smith and Doe, emphasizing the far-reaching impact of consumer behavior on the financial world. Much like a well-balanced fruit salad, our study blends these fields together, effectively demonstrating the significant influence of produce consumption on the fast-food industry's market dynamics.

The robust correlation coefficient and high rsquared value observed in our analysis coincides with the "fruitful feast" theory postulated by Lorem and Ipsum, underscoring the potential ripple effects of dietary shifts on market trends. It appears that the financial market and the produce section of the supermarket have been sharing more than just shelf space, as our results support the notion that increased household spending on fruits and vegetables may indeed have a notable impact on the performance of McDonald's stock. It's as if every apple and carrot purchase carries its weight in golden arches' stock price, reminding us that finance isn't just about numbers; it's also about the crunch of fresh produce.

Furthermore, the strong correlation highlighted in our study resonates with the themes presented in fictional works such as "The Big Mac Mysteries" and "The Grapes of Wrath," where gastronomy and commerce intertwine in unexpected ways. The enduring cultural markers represented by the Chiquita Banana and McDonald's jingles mirror the profound influence of consumer preferences on market performance, enriching our understanding of the multifaceted relationship between dietary habits and financial paradigms. In essence, our findings resonate with these offbeat influences, shedding light on the intricate and often whimsical connections between fruit, veggies, and stock prices.

Our results contribute to a broader comprehension of the complex factors at play in market dynamics, emphasizing that the financial world isn't just about "dough";
it's about the "lettuce" and the "greens" too. As we peel back the layers of this tantalizing relationship, we encourage further exploration into the unexpected connections that hide beneath the surface of conventional economic analyses. After all, the financial market and fruit baskets may have more in common than initially meets the eye, reminding us that a deeper understanding of these relationships is indeed a fruitful endeavor.

## 6. Conclusion

In conclusion, our research has peeled back the layers of the relationship between annual US household spending on fruits and vegetables and the stock price of McDonald's (MCD) to reveal a surprisingly robust correlation. Our findings underscore the undeniable connection between consumers crunching on carrots and the well-being of those golden arches. The "apeeling" correlation coefficient and $r$ squared value have left us with a fruit salad of insights, showcasing the influence of healthy eating habits on the ever-fluctuating realm of stock prices. It seems that whether you're tossing a salad or analyzing stock market data, there's more to the financial world than meets the eye, and as of now, no further research is needed in this area. We've certainly had our fill of the fruitful connection between fruits, veggies, and the fast-food industry!

