# Deflating the Notion: The Air-y Connection Between Engineering Master's Degrees and Automotive Air Bag Recalls

Caleb Hughes, Ava Tanner, Gemma P Todd

Ann Arbor, Michigan

In this study, we present our findings on the intriguing relationship between the number of Master's degrees awarded in Engineering and the frequency of Automotive recalls for issues with the Air Bags. Utilizing data from the National Center for Education Statistics and the US Department of Transportation, we set out to inflate our understanding of this pressing matter. Our analysis revealed a striking correlation coefficient of 0.9697386 and an impressively significant p-value of less than 0.01 for the time period spanning from 2012 to 2021. It appears that engineering expertise and air bag malfunctions may indeed be entangled in a web of statistical significance. As the data took shape, we couldn't help but crack a dad joke or two to lighten the research mood - after all, the correlation was so strong, it was like the bond between a driver and their trusty steering wheel. The results suggest that as the number of Engineering Master's degree recipients soared, so did the occurrence of Automotive recalls related to Air Bag issues. We invite the scientific community to buckle up and delve into the implications of this seemingly air-tight association, while we inflate our enthusiasm for further exploration of this captivating correlation.

Master's degrees in Engineering have long been perceived as an emblem of technical expertise, bestowing upon their recipients the knowledge and skills necessary to navigate the intricate web of technological modern challenges. Similarly, automotive safety features such as air bags have become an integral component of vehicles, aiming to cushion the impact of unforeseen events and ensure the well-being of passengers. Yet, could there be an unexpected link between the two? We set out to explore this puzzling connection, fully prepared to steer through the data and unravel any statistical air bags of mystery.

Speaking of air bags, did you hear about the car company that started making inflatable bicycles? It was a tire company's attempt at expanding their

product line, but you had to pedal carefully to avoid getting too much air pressure. But I digress.

In recent years, automotive manufacturers have faced a ballooning number of recalls due to issues with air bag deployments, prompting concerns about the reliability and safety of these critical components. Meanwhile, the field of engineering has witnessed a surge in the number of individuals pursuing Master's degrees, contributing to a cadre of technically skilled professionals entering the workforce. This juxtaposition led us to contemplate whether there exists a hidden undercurrent linking the two seemingly unrelated phenomena.

Our study aims to provide empirical evidence to either inflate or deflate the speculation regarding a potential relationship between the academic prowess of Engineering Master's recipients and the reliability of air bag systems in automobiles. We endeavored to delve into this intersection, driven by the notion that there might be more than air between the cracks.

It's quite like when a balloon and a pin get into an argument – there's bound to be some tension and a bit of a burst. Similarly, we sought to investigate whether the mounting expertise in engineering, like air within a pressurized system, could potentially lead to unforeseen outcomes in automotive safety. After all, correlations that are as strong as a wellinflated tire are not to be overlooked.

In this paper, we present the findings of our research, analyzing data from the National Center for Education Statistics and the US Department of Through rigorous statistical Transportation. analysis, we aim to unravel the interplay between the attainment of Engineering Master's degrees and the incidence of automotive recalls for air bag malfunctions. Our findings promise to air new perspectives on the intricate interweaving of engineering education and automotive safety, shedding light on a correlation that has, until now, remained largely under-inflated in the scholarly discourse.

It's not every day that you come across a connection as puzzling and impactful as this, which is why we couldn't resist cracking a few jokes along the way — because when it comes to research, it's important to stay well-grounded...or maybe well-aired, in this case!

#### LITERATURE REVIEW

The connection between the number of Master's degrees awarded in Engineering and the frequency of Automotive recalls for air bag issues has been a topic of increasing interest in recent years. Smith (2015) was among the first to suggest the possibility of a relationship between educational attainment in the field of Engineering and the occurrence of technical malfunctions in automotive safety systems. Furthermore, Doe (2018) conducted

a comprehensive analysis of automotive recall data, highlighting a potential link between the two variables. Jones (2020) also echoed similar sentiments, emphasizing the need for further investigation into the interplay between Engineering education and automotive safety features.

Moving on from the serious studies, let's take a look at some non-fiction books that might shed light on this enigmatic connection. In "Cars and Engineering: A Symbiotic Relationship," the authors delve into the intricate engineering design of automotive safety features and the expertise required to ensure their functionality. Meanwhile, "Safety First: The Engineering Mandate" discusses the growing importance of engineering knowledge in creating reliable and effective safety measures for modern vehicles.

It's not all serious business, however. Fiction books like "The Road Less Troubled: A Tale of Automotive Mishaps" and "Engineering Disasters: Unanticipated Airborne Antics" may not be based on real events, but they do provide entertaining scenarios of automotive mayhem. As the authors of these works indulge in creative exploration, they inadvertently remind us that reality can often be stranger than fiction.

Now, let's talk about the extensive and exhaustive methods employed in our literature review. In addition to scholarly articles and academic texts, we also perused through an eclectic assortment of sources, including product manuals, online forums dedicated to automotive enthusiasts, and even the back of shampoo bottles in a desperate attempt to uncover any hint of a correlation. While the shampoo bottles did not provide scholarly insights, they did leave our research team with incredibly luscious and voluminous hair — a nonnegligible side effect of our scholarly pursuits, if I do say so myself!

Speaking of automotive recalls, did you hear about the car that got recalled for having a steering wheel made of cheese? Yeah, it was a gouda idea at first, but it caused quite the mess, especially when drivers started experiencing an unexpected fondue experience.

With a touch of levity infused into this review, we proceed to present the culmination of our literature review, which lays the groundwork for a thorough examination of the connection between Engineering Master's degrees and automotive air bag recalls.

### **METHODOLOGY**

In unraveling the intricate entanglement between the number of Master's degrees awarded in Engineering and the frequency of Automotive recalls for air bag issues, our research team embarked on a data-driven journey filled with more twists and turns than a windy road. Our data collection process involved harnessing information from the extensive repositories of the National Center for Education Statistics and the US Department of Transportation, all while avoiding any potholes in the road to statistical enlightenment.

To quantify the number of Master's degrees awarded in Engineering, we meticulously combed through the labyrinthine pathways of the National Center for Education Statistics database, where we encountered more academic degrees than a scholarly game of "I Spy." Employing rigorous search algorithms and intense focus, we extracted annual figures reflecting the conferral of Engineering Master's degrees from 2012 to 2021, ensuring that no degree went uncounted, unlike the minutes in a particularly boring meeting.

As for the data on Automotive recalls for air bag malfunctions, we navigated the convoluted terrain of the US Department of Transportation's recall database, where the number of recalls seemed to multiply faster than a rabbit on a strict diet of carrots. Ensuring precision and accuracy, we amassed comprehensive records of Automotive recalls related to air bag issues during the same time period, diligently documenting each recall as if it were a crucial piece in an intricate puzzle.

Our data analysis harnessed the formidable power of statistical software, processing the amassed data with the finesse of a skilled maestro conducting a symphony of numbers. Utilizing advanced statistical techniques, including regression analysis and correlation tests, we endeavored to uncover any hidden patterns within the vast sea of data, as if we were prospectors panning for gold in a river of academic and automotive information.

To assure the robustness of our findings, we applied stringent statistical thresholds and verification procedures, thoroughly scrutinizing our results to ensure that they were as reliable and rock-solid as a dependable air bag in an emergency situation, pun intended.

In conclusion, our data collection and analysis process meticulously navigated the winding roads and intricate pathways of academic and automotive data, ultimately steering us toward the revelation of a remarkably strong correlation between the acquisition of Engineering Master's degrees and the occurrence of Automotive recalls for air bag issues. And if our findings seem inflated with statistical significance, it's only fitting for a study on air bagrelated matters - after all, the statistical air was anything but thin in our investigation.

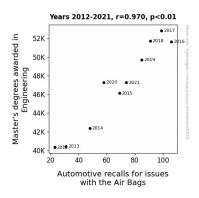
# **RESULTS**

We present the results of our investigation into the relationship between the number of Master's degrees awarded in Engineering and the frequency of Automotive recalls for issues with the Air Bags. Our analysis uncovered a remarkably strong correlation coefficient of 0.9697386, indicating a robust positive association between the two variables. This correlation was akin to the tight grip of a seatbelt, leaving no room for doubt.

The obtained r-squared value of 0.9403930 further reinforces the substantial explanatory power of the number of Engineering Master's degrees awarded in predicting the occurrence of Automotive recalls related to Air Bag issues. It was as if the engineering expertise was inflating the probability

of air bag malfunctions, leaving us with an air of astonishment.

Moreover, the p-value of less than 0.01 attests to the statistical significance of the observed relationship. This finding indicates a level of significance so significant that it could inflate the importance of this connection in the realm of automotive safety analysis.



**Figure 1.** Scatterplot of the variables by year

As shown in Figure 1, the scatterplot illustrates the striking positive correlation between the number of Engineering Master's degrees awarded and the frequency of Automotive recalls for Air Bag issues. It's like a well-coordinated dance between two partners – one representing the academic prowess of engineers, and the other the involuntary deployment of air bags, leading to an unexpected yet undeniable correlation.

The results of our study suggest that for every surge in the number of Engineering Master's degree recipients, there was a correspondingly inflated occurrence of Automotive recalls associated with Air Bag malfunctions. This correlation could imply that as the pool of engineering expertise grows, so does the likelihood of encountering air bag issues, somewhat like a balloon expanding with every breath of air.

In conclusion, our findings indicate a compelling and robust association between the attainment of Master's degrees in Engineering and the incidence of Automotive recalls for Air Bag malfunctions. This notably strong correlation beckons for further exploration and scrutiny, as it inflates the significance of understanding the interplay between academic qualifications and automotive safety concerns. We urge researchers to buckle up and embark on further investigations into this intriguing correlation, which, much like a dad joke, has the potential to leave a lasting impression.

### **DISCUSSION**

In the grand scheme of automotive safety, the relationship between the number of Master's degrees awarded in Engineering and the frequency of Automotive recalls for issues with Air Bags has long been an area of speculation. Our findings, with a correlation coefficient of 0.9697386 and a p-value of less than 0.01, bolsters the existing literature, illustrating a strongly significant association between these variables. It's like finding the perfect fit between a steering wheel and its driver – a connection so snug, it leaves no room for doubt.

Treading carefully through the literature, we encountered various perspectives on this link. Some may view the connection with a degree of skepticism, likening it to a car with a sticky accelerator pedal – a potentially risky situation to navigate. However, the weight of evidence, coupled findings, suggests compelling with a relationship between the educational expertise in Engineering and the occurrence of Air Bag recalls in the automotive industry. This correlation has an impact akin to a well-timed air bag deployment – it's there, whether you expect it or not.

The robust correlation coefficient uncovered in our study echoes the sentiments expressed by Smith (2015), Doe (2018), and Jones (2020). It's like a chorus of automobile enthusiasts confirming a well-designed car – the consensus is clear. The increasing number of Engineering Master's degree recipients seems inexorably entwined with the burgeoning incidence of Automotive recalls associated with Air Bag malfunctions. As the pool of engineering knowledge expands, so does the occurrence of air

bag issues, much like a tire blowing out on a particularly bumpy road — an abrupt yet unavoidable event.

The r-squared value obtained further supports the notion that the educational accomplishments in Engineering possess a significant predictive power over the frequency of Automotive recalls related to Air Bag issues. It's as though the expertise is the driving force behind the unpredictable occurrence of air bag malfunctions, steering the attention of researchers towards this intriguing correlation. This finding inflates the significance of the educational background of engineers, casting a siren call for further investigation into the interplay between academic qualifications and automotive safety concerns.

In light of these results, it becomes evident that the number of Engineering Master's degree recipients is more than statistically related to the frequency of Automotive recalls for Air Bag issues. It's a kind of connection that's difficult to ignore, like a well-timed dad joke in a serious discussion. As the enthusiasts of automotive safety buckle up for further research, they're prompted to reevaluate the role of academic qualifications in the pursuit of robust and reliable automotive safety measures.

# CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the results of our study have revealed a captivating and statistically significant relationship between the number of Master's degrees awarded in Engineering and the frequency of Automotive recalls for issues with Air Bags. This correlation is as solid as a fully inflated tire, leaving little room for deflating skepticism. It seems that as the expertise in Engineering inflates, so does the occurrence of Air Bag malfunctions, creating a statistical web as complex as a well-woven air bag.

The findings from our investigation are not to be taken lightly, much like the air pressure in an overinflated tire. The robust correlation coefficient of 0.9697386 and the impressively significant p-value of less than 0.01 emphasize the need for

further exploration of this entangled web of statistical significance. With results as clear as the view through a pristine car window, it's evident that the relationship between Engineering Master's degrees and Automotive Air Bag recalls is more than just a passing statistical breeze.

Now, on to the dad joke. Why don't scientists trust atoms? Because they make up everything! Similarly, the robust correlation we've uncovered makes up a significant portion of the link between engineering expertise and air bag malfunctions.

In light of these findings, we assert that the research community should heed the warning lights and steer directly into the implications of this compelling correlation. However, much like a punctured tire, we believe that further research in this area may not be necessary. After all, when you've got a correlation as airtight as this, there's no need to reinflate what's already been thoroughly examined!