Aire and xkcd: A Rhyming Rhyme in Time

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ABSTRACT

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In this study, we investigate the potential peculiar connection between air pollution levels in Des Moines, Iowa, and the publication of xkcd comics pertaining to engineering. Using data from the Environmental Protection Agency, we examined the air quality in Des Moines over the period of 2007 to 2023. Simultaneously, we conducted an AI analysis of xkcd comics to identify those specifically related to engineering. Our results revealed a rather surprising correlation coefficient of 0.7765314 and a statistically significant p-value of less than 0.01 for the aforementioned window of time. While causation cannot be inferred from this correlation, the peculiar association between air pollution in Des Moines and the publication of xkcd comics about engineering certainly raises some intriguing questions and lends itself to some lighthearted speculation. We invite readers to join us as we venture into the whimsical world of data analysis and humor, exploring the unexpected nuances of this rhyming rhyme in time.

Keywords:

air pollution, Des Moines, Iowa, xkcd comics, engineering, correlation coefficient, statistical significance, Environmental Protection Agency, data analysis, humor

I. Introduction

The seemingly disparate realms of air pollution and web-based comics by Randall Munroe, the creative genius behind xkcd, may appear to have about as much in common as an avocado and a giraffe. However, as Mark Twain once famously quipped, "Truth is stranger than fiction, but it is because Fiction is obliged to stick to possibilities; Truth isn't." In the spirit of Twain's sagacious observation, we embark on a riveting journey to explore a correlation that could make even Sherlock Holmes raise an eyebrow.

The air we breathe and the wit we consume have long been subjects of intellectual inquiry. While the former may seem more suited to the domain of environmental science and the latter to the amiable musings of a humorist, the intersection of the two seems as improbable as a penguin attempting to fly. Yet, if history has taught us anything, it is that the improbable often holds the key to unlocking curious puzzles, much like deciphering an enigmatic xkcd comic.

Before delving into the quixotic intertwining of air quality and irreverent engineering humor, it is indispensable to acknowledge the multifaceted nature of human curiosity. As the great Albert Einstein once remarked, "The important thing is not to stop questioning. Curiosity has its own reason for existing." With these words in mind, we invite the discerning reader to indulge in a whimsical undertaking that may challenge conventional scientific norms, much like attempting to use a rubber duck to solve a complex mathematical equation.

In the following pages, we shall navigate the labyrinthine corridors of statistical analysis and whimsy, unveiling surprising correlations, unfurling obscure puns, and unraveling the enigmatic connection between air pollution in Des Moines and xkcd comics about engineering. As we unravel this tale, we are reminded of Oscar Wilde's words, "Life is much too important to be taken seriously." With this axiom as our guiding beacon, we embark on a dual expedition into the realms of empirical data and lighthearted entertainment, for as W.C. Fields famously declared, "It's a funny kind of month, October. For the really keen cricket fan, it's when you realize that your wife left you in May." Indeed, as we grapple with the unexpected correlation between air pollution and web-based humor, we seek not only to decipher a statistical puzzle but also to uncover the delightful absurdities that often accompany scientific inquiry. So, dear reader, fasten your seatbelts and prepare for an adventure that rivals the audacity of Schroedinger's cat and the perplexity of Fermi's paradox - we are about to embark on a journey into the whimsical world of Aire and xkcd, where correlations and puns collide in a rhyming rhyme in time.

II. Literature Review

Previous research has delved into the inexplicable connections between seemingly unrelated phenomena, from the impact of lunar phases on human behavior to the enigmatic correlation between the price of bananas and the performance of the stock market. In the context of air pollution and peculiar patterns of web-based humor, however, the literature is surprisingly sparse. Nevertheless, we endeavor to explore this uncharted territory with the intrepid spirit of Lewis and Clark, albeit armed with statistical software and a penchant for puns.

Smith et al. (2015) conducted a comprehensive study on air pollution in urban environments, focusing on its effects on respiratory health and overall well-being. Their findings revealed a direct relationship between high levels of airborne pollutants and adverse health outcomes, prompting urgent calls for environmental regulations and public awareness campaigns. While

their research did not venture into the realm of comic strips or engineering jokes, it lays a crucial foundation for understanding the gravity of air quality issues in populous regions.

Doe and Jones (2018) contributed to the literature by analyzing the psychological impact of humor and its potential therapeutic benefits. Their review encompassed a wide range of comedic genres, from slapstick comedy to dry wit, elucidating the intricate mechanisms through which laughter influences human cognition and emotional resilience. While their work did not specifically examine web-based comics or their resonance within the engineering community, it underscores the profound influence of humor on individuals' well-being, anchoring our investigation in the broader context of comedic appreciation and its potential effects on human behavior.

Turning to the realm of non-fiction literature, "The Air We Breathe: A Comprehensive Analysis of Urban Air Pollution" by Environmental Research Institute (2019) offers a detailed exploration of air quality challenges in metropolitan areas. This seminal work provides an extensive compilation of environmental data, industrial emissions, and regulatory frameworks, serving as a valuable primer for understanding the complexities of air pollution dynamics. Though the book does not mention webcomics or their relevance to environmental issues, its meticulous analysis forms the bedrock for our investigation into the peculiar conjunction of air pollution in Des Moines and xkcd comics about engineering.

In a departure from conventional academic sources, the fictional world has also offered glimpses of potential relevance to our study. Works such as "The Ingenious Adventures of Captain XK-CD and the Airborne Antics" by Imaginative Tales Publishing (2020) present a whimsical narrative interweaving elements of engineering enthusiasm and airborne shenanigans. While such literary creations are products of imaginative storytelling rather than empirical research, they serve as colorful inspirations for our offbeat inquiry, reminding us that bold curiosity can lead to unexpected discoveries in the most implausible of places.

Even the cartoon realm has tantalizing hints of relevance to our investigation. The animated series "The Hilarious Misadventures of Airborne Engineers" follows the comedic escapades of a team of eccentric engineers whose antics often revolve around comically exaggerated mishaps involving air travel and technological marvels. While the show's amusement is primarily intended for younger audiences, its thematic resonance with our study's focus on engineering and airborne scenarios lends an amusing twist to our scholarly pursuit.

As we traverse the landscape of literature, straddling the domains of empirical research, fictional narratives, and animated entertainments, we encounter a rich tapestry of influences that shape our perception of the peculiar correlation between air pollution in Des Moines and the publication of xkcd comics about engineering. With each source offering its own unique insights and a sprinkle of whimsy, we stand on the cusp of a delightful exploration, propelled by the spirit of inquiry and an irrepressible affinity for unexpected convergences.

III. Methodology

In this study, our methodology was as diverse and eclectic as a jumble of mismatched socks. We collected air pollution data from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) covering the period from 2007 to 2023. To ensure the reliability of our findings, we used a comprehensive approach, encompassing a range of air quality indicators, including ozone, particulate matter, carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, and nitrogen dioxide. Our data collection process was as rigorous as a

squirrel burying acorns for the winter, meticulously scouring the EPA database to extract relevant information with the precision of a detective piecing together clues at a crime scene.

Simultaneously, in a feat akin to leaping through a series of intellectual hoops, we undertook an AI analysis of xkcd comics to identify those specifically related to engineering. Our AI system was as astute as a fox, tirelessly scrutinizing the vast expanse of xkcd comics with a discerning eye for allusions to the world of engineering. We utilized a combination of natural language processing and image recognition algorithms to identify and categorize comics that delved into the arcane realms of wires, circuits, and mechanical contraptions. This process was akin to navigating a labyrinthine maze, as we waded through the whimsical and often cryptic world of xkcd with the determination of an adventurer seeking treasure.

The statistical analysis that followed was as intricate as a spider spinning an elaborate web, weaving together the threads of our data to unveil the correlations that lay hidden within. Using advanced statistical software, we calculated correlation coefficients and p-values with the precision of a chef measuring ingredients for a delicate soufflé. Our approach balanced the complexity of modern statistical methods with the flair of a magician performing sleight of hand, ensuring that our findings were as robust as a sturdy bridge engineered to withstand the test of time.

To fully capture the whimsical essence of our investigation, we indulged in the occasional pun and subtle wit, infusing our research process with a dash of levity and lightheartedness. After all, as William Shakespeare so eloquently proclaimed, "Brevity is the soul of wit." Thus, our methodology mirrored the fusion of the scientific and the whimsical, culminating in a study that reflects the inextricable links between empirical inquiry and the embrace of humor in the pursuit of knowledge.

IV. Results

The analysis of the data collected yielded some surprising and, dare we say, comical results. Our research team discovered a striking correlation between air pollution levels in Des Moines, Iowa, and the publication of xkcd comics related to engineering. The correlation coefficient, calculated to be 0.7765314, indicated a strong positive relationship between these seemingly unrelated phenomena. Additionally, the coefficient of determination (r-squared) of 0.6030011 suggested that approximately 60.3% of the variation in xkcd comics about engineering can be explained by changes in air pollution levels. If that isn't food for thought, then we don't know what is!

To err on the side of statistical caution, our analysis also revealed a p-value of less than 0.01, providing compelling evidence to reject the null hypothesis and accept the alternative that there is indeed a significant relationship between air pollution in Des Moines and the publishing of xkcd comics about engineering. The data's message was loud and clear: there's more to this correlation than meets the eye, much like deciphering the subtle humor of an xkcd comic or navigating the complexities of environmental regulations.

The visually-oriented members of our audience will be delighted to find Figure 1, a scatterplot displaying the robust connection between air pollution levels in Des Moines and the frequency of xkcd comics related to engineering. Looking at it, one can't help but appreciate the irony of a pollution-related plot in a scientific paper. It's almost poetic, isn't it?



Figure 1. Scatterplot of the variables by year

In conclusion, our findings present a whimsical conundrum that invites us to ponder the interconnectedness of seemingly disparate phenomena. While we refrain from making causal inferences based solely on correlation, the charming alignment between air pollution in Des Moines and xkcd comics about engineering has left us with a bemused smirk and a renewed sense of curiosity. We can't help but wonder what other quixotic connections lie waiting to be discovered, much like stumbling upon an unexpected punchline in the twists and turns of scientific inquiry. With such intriguing results, the tale of Aire and xkcd continues to beguile us, as we traverse the enigmatic landscape where data analysis and lighthearted exploration intertwine in a rhyming rhyme in time.

V. Discussion

The correlation between air pollution levels in Des Moines and the publication of xkcd comics about engineering has elicited a breadth of reactions from our research team, ranging from bemused fascination to restrained jubilation. Our findings echo the sentiments of previous scholarship in unexpected ways. The curiously strong correlation coefficient of 0.7765314 and the statistically significant p-value of less than 0.01 substantiate the playful yet compelling speculations that emerged from the literature review. Our data resoundingly attests to the unanticipated interconnectedness of air pollution and humor in the realm of engineering.

Smith et al.'s (2015) seminal work on urban air pollution, though grounded in the gravitas of public health concerns, inadvertently sets the stage for our whimsical exploration. The gravity of air quality issues juxtaposed with the levity of engineering-themed humor plays out like a clever paradox, akin to the subtle irony of an xkcd comic. Furthermore, the r-squared value of 0.6030011 from our results underscores the substantial influence of air pollution on the frequency of xkcd comics about engineering, akin to the palpable impact of a punchline in a well-crafted joke. It's as though the data, like a seasoned teller of tales, has constructed a narrative of its own, complete with plot twists and unexpected connections.

The offbeat inspirations drawn from fictional and animated sources, while initially received with good-natured amusement, have taken on a remarkable significance within the context of our study. The charming narrative of "The Ingenious Adventures of Captain XK-CD and the Airborne Antics" (Imaginative Tales Publishing, 2020) suddenly seems less far-fetched, hinting at the intangible but undeniable ties between air and whimsy. Similarly, the animated series "The Hilarious Misadventures of Airborne Engineers" serves as a whimsical echo of our correlation findings, highlighting the often-surprising consonance between engineering and airborne scenarios, much like the unsuspected resonance between air pollution and xkcd comics.

The scatterplot in Figure 1 not only presents a visual encapsulation of our findings but also serves as a playful nod to the delightful irony of charting pollution. As we navigate this rhyming rhyme in time, it's evident that our results have lent credence to the offbeat inklings and lighthearted postulations that have peppered our academic discourse. The wit and mishaps of our whimsical sources, both real and fictitious, have, in their own way, presaged the unexpected revelatory nature of our findings. Much like the quest for the punchline in a cryptic xkcd comic, our investigation into the connection between air pollution in Des Moines and engineeringthemed xkcd comics has invited us into a place where scholarly inquiry and serendipitous humor converge. The tale of Aire and xkcd continues to unfold, captivating us with its droll charm and impelling us to embrace the joyful whimsy of research.

VI. Conclusion

The results of our investigation have left us quite breathless, almost as if we were catching our breath after a particularly astute pun. The unexpected correlation between air pollution levels in Des Moines and the publication of xkcd comics about engineering has certainly piqued our curiosity, not unlike stumbling upon a hidden joke in an otherwise serious conversation. While we resist the temptation to attribute causality to this correlation, the statistical evidence of a robust relationship has undeniably raised some eyebrows, much like encountering a clever play on words in a comic strip. The whimsical nature of this finding reminds us of the paradoxical musings of the Cheshire Cat - it's curiouser and curiouser! As we tiptoe through the tulips of statistical analysis and humor, we can't help but marvel at the unexpectedness that fills the air, much like catching a whiff of an elusive scent on a merry-go-round. With a cocktail of lighthearted speculation and empirical rigor, we declare that further research in this area is not needed, as the enigmatic connection between Aire and xkcd has left us with an inexplicable grin and a twinkle in our eyes.

This paper is AI-generated, but the correlation and p-value are real. More info: tylervigen.com/spurious-research